

CHAPTER 12: THE 2nd WAR FOR INDEPENDENCE AND THE UPSURGE OF NATIONALISM

Federalist and Republican Mudslingers

Know: John Adams, Thomas Jefferson,

The Jeffersonian "Revolution of 1800"

Was the 1800 election more or less important than the 1796 election? Explain.

If the Federalists had power for such a short time, were they really that important? Explain.

Responsibility Breeds Moderation

How revolutionary was the "Revolution of 1800?"

Jeffersonian Restraint

"As president, Thomas Jefferson acted more like a Federalist than like a Democratic Republican." Assess.

The "Dead Clutch" of the Judiciary

Know: Judiciary Act of 1801, Midnight Judges, John Marshall, *Marbury v. Madison*,

What was the important of *Marbury v. Madison*

Jefferson, a Reluctant Warrior

Know: Barbary States

How did Jefferson deal with the extortion of the Barbary States?

The Louisiana Godsend

Know: New Orleans, Deposit Privileges, James Monrnone, Napoleon, Toussaint L'Ouverture

Louisiana in the Long View

Know: Lewis and Clark, Sacajawea

What positive consequences resulted from the Louisiana Purchase?

America: A Nutcracked Neutral

Know: Orders in Council, Impressment, Chesapeake

In what way did the struggle between France and Britain affect the United States?

The Hated Embargo

Know: Embargo Act, Non-Intercourse Act

Who opposed the embargo and why?

Madison's Gamble

Know: James Madison, Macon's Bill No. 2

Tecumseh and the Prophet

Know: War Hawks, Henry Clay, Tecumseh, The Prophet, William Henry Harrison

What considerations motivated the war hawks to call for war with Great Britain?

"Mr. Madison's War"

Know: War of 1812

How and why did New England Federalists oppose the War of 1812?

Chapter 12

Washington Burned and New Orleans Defended

Know: Francis Scott Key, Andrew Jackson, Battle of New Orleans

The Treaty of Ghent

Know: Treaty of Ghent, John Quincy Adams, Henry Clay

Was the Treaty of Ghent advantageous to the United States? Explain.

Federalist Grievances and the Hartford Convention

Know: Hartford Convention. What did the Hartford Convention do?

The Second War for American Independence

What were the long term effects of the War of 1812?

Nascent Nationalism

Know: Washington Irving, James Fenimore Cooper

What evidence of nationalism surfaced after the War of 1812?

"The American System"

Know: Tariff of 1816, Henry Clay, The American System, Erie Canal

In what ways could nationalism be seen in the politics and economics of the post-war years?

The So-Called Era of Good Feelings

Know: James Monroe, Era of Good Feelings

To what extent was James Monroe's presidency an Era of Good Feelings?

The Panic of 1819 and the Curse of Hard Times

Know: Wildcat Banks, Panic of 1819

Explain the causes and effects of the Panic of 1819.

Slavery and the Sectional Balance

Know: Tallmadge Amendment, Peculiar Institution

Why was Missouri's request for statehood so explosive?

The Uneasy Missouri Compromise

Know: Henry Clay, Missouri Compromise,

"Neither the North nor South was acutely displeased, although neither was completely happy." Explain.

John Marshall and Judicial Nationalism

Know: John Marshall, *McCulloch v. Maryland*, Loose Construction, *Gibbons v. Ogden*

Judicial Dikes Against Democratic Excesses

"John Marshall was the most important Federalist since George Washington." Assess.

Sharing Oregon and Acquiring Florida

Know: John Quincy Adams, Treaty of 1818, Andrew Jackson, Adams-Onis Treat of 1819

Who was more important to American territorial expansion, Andrew Jackson or John Quincy Adams? Explain.

Monroe and His Doctrine

Know: John Quincy Adams, Monroe Doctrine

Monroe's Doctrine Appraised

Evaluate the importance of the Monroe Doctrine in subsequent American history

CHAPTER 11-12: IDENTIFICATIONS

Identify the following. Be as specific as possible, and include names, dates, and relevant facts as appropriate. Be sure to explain the *significance* of the person or term.

1. Election of 1800. 12th Amendment, Was it a Revolution?, Jeffersonian vision for America
2. midnight judges, John Marshall, Marbury v. Madison, judicial review
3. Louisiana Purchase, Lewis and Clark expedition
4. British Orders in Council, France Milan Decree
5. Chesapeake Affair & Embargo Act of 1807, Effects
6. Non-Intercourse Acts, Macon's Bill No. 2
7. War hawks (John C Calhoun & Henry Clay)
8. Tecumseh & the Prophet, William Henry Harrison and the Battle of Tippecanoe
9. War of 1812. Causes and Effects. Treaty of Ghent
10. Andrew Jackson and the Battle of New Orleans
11. Hartford Convention
12. "Era of Good Feelings", What was it? What conflict existed?
13. Henry Clay's American System, Tariff of 1816, 2nd Bank of the U.S., Transportation
14. Panic of 1819
15. Transportation Revolution, Steamboats, Erie Canal, National Road
16. Missouri Compromise, Tallmadge Amendment
17. Secretary of State John Quincy Adams, Rush-Bagot Treaty, British-American Convention, Adams-Onis Treaty
18. Marshall Court, Dartmouth College v. Woodward, McCulloch v. Maryland, Gibbons v. Ogden
19. Monroe Doctrine